

JANESVILLE DAILY GAZETTE.

VOLUME 5.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, MONDAY, MARCH 11, 1861.

No. 89.

NUMBER 2.

The Daily Gazette,
published every evening except Sunday,
by
HOLT, BOWEN & WILCOX,
in LAPPIN'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

TERMS:
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CHARLES HOLT,
WM. BOWEN. DANIEL WILCOX.

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do 2 weeks, 150.

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do 4 weeks, 250.

do 5 weeks, 300.

do 6 weeks, 350.

do 7 weeks, 400.

do 8 weeks, 450.

do 9 weeks, 500.

do 10 weeks, 550.

do 11 weeks, 600.

do 12 weeks, 650.

do 13 weeks, 700.

do 14 weeks, 750.

do 15 weeks, 800.

do 16 weeks, 850.

do 17 weeks, 900.

do 18 weeks, 950.

do 19 weeks, 1000.

Cards in "Business Directory," \$1.00 per year,
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Special Ads. (clipped and kept inside, having
precedence of ordinary advertisements) 50 per cent advance
on ordinary rates.

Notices of Deaths, Charitable Societies, Etc. Compa-
nies, half price.

Advertisements not accompanied with directions will
be inserted till paid, and charged accordingly.

All Transmissions, except paid for in ad-
vance, will be ruled for quarterly.

Advertising bills Collectable quarterly.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

JOHN WINANS,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, office under Central
Bank, Janesville, Wis.

J. H. BALCH,
Accountant and Notary Public, Gazette office, Janes-
ville, Wisconsin.

GEO. B. ELY,
Counselor at Law. Office in Lappin's block, Janesville,
Wis.

WILLARD MERRILL,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Office in Lappin's block,
Janesville, Wisconsin.

S. P. COLE, M. D.,
Homoeopath and Surgeon. Office at Beale's Hat Store,
Residence, five doors south of the Baptist Church.

NOAH NEWELL,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist and Stationer, Lappin's
block, east side of river, Janesville, Wis.

M. J. JOHNSON,
Dentist. Office over Rock County Bank, corner of Main
and Milwaukee streets, Janesville, Wis. apdawf

J. W. D. PARKER,
Attorney at Law, Main street, with Bates &
Nichols, North Main street. may28dawf

KNOWLTON & MARSH,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Janesville, Wis.
J. H. KNOWLTON, *debut* THOS. H. MARSH

L. DAY & CO.,
Boot and Shoe Manufacturers, in Willard's 5 story
block, East Milwaukee street. jadawf

HUDSON JONES,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Office in Empire
Block, Janesville, Wisconsin. Jun. 1st, 1861.
SAM'LL A. HIGSON. Ira C. T. JONES

ELDRIDGE PEASE & RUGER,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Office in Empire
Block, Main street, Janesville, Wis. J. E. PEASE. T. H. RUGER.

W. H. ROBINSON,
Architect. Designs and plans for both public and private
buildings, together with detailed drawings, specifications,
builders' contracts, estimates, &c., furnished at short
notice. Office in Lappin's block. apdawf

B. F. PENDLETON,
Dentist. Is prepared to operate in every branch of his
profession. Rooms one door north of Alcey & Green
Main street, Janesville, Wis. apdawf

H. A. PATTERSON,
Attorney at Law. Justice of the Peace, Janesville.
Office on Main street, nearly opposite the American
Express Office. my29dawf

EDWARD RUGER,
City Engineer and County Surveyor, will attend to en-
gineering, surveying, plating, dredging and conve-
yancing. Office in Empire block, Main street, Janes-
ville, Wis. j27dawf

G. W. CHITTENDEN,
Homoeopath and Surgeon. Office at his residence on
Academy street, a few doors north of the Milwaukee
freight depot. Dr. C. Keaps books. Cases with medi-
cines for families.

NEW YORK CASH STORE.

M. C. SMITH, Wholesaler and Retail Dealer in Books,
Candy, Lamps, Pictures, Stationery, Household
Goods, Bonnets, Ready-made Clothing and every kind
of Merchandise at the lowest cash prices. 24

THE FARMERS' TESTIMONIAL AND THE PEOPLE'S CERTIFICATE.

We the undersigned, citizens of Rock county, do
certify that we have purchased boots (of their
own manufacture) from

Messrs. HEMMING & THOMAS

at various times, and have worn them constantly for the
length of time herewith stated;

Names. Residence. Cost. Time worn.

Henry Wright, Portor, \$75. 15 months.

John Wright, Rock, 40 18 months.

Thos. Lynch, Rock, 50 20

John C. Clegg, Rock, 50 14

John Clegg, Rock, 50 15

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The Daily Gazette.

City of Janesville.

Monday Evening, March 11, 1861.

Official Paper of the City.

Pardon of Mr. Booth.

Our telegraph to-day states that Mr. Booth was released from jail yesterday morning, Mr. Buchanan finishing his official career with at least one decent act.

Amendments to the Fugitive Slave Law.

We copy from the New York Evening Post the following synopsis of the bill amending the fugitive slave law, which was proposed by the committee of thirty-three, and was passed by the representatives by a vote of 92 to 82.

This bill provides that every person arrested under the laws of congress for the delivering up of fugitives from labor shall be produced before a court, judge or commissioner mentioned in the law approved the 18th of September, 1860, for the state or territory wherein the arrest may be made, and upon such production of the person, together with the proofs mentioned in the sixth or the tenth section of said act, such court, judge or commissioner shall hear and consider the same publicly; and if of opinion that the person arrested owes labor or service to the claimant, according to the laws of any other state, territory, or the District of Columbia, and escaped therefrom, shall make out and deliver to the claimant a certificate stating these facts.

If the fugitive, upon the decision being made known to him, avers that he is free, and does not owe service according to the law of the state or territory to which he is to be returned, such averment shall be entered upon the certificate, and the fugitive shall be delivered to the marshal, to be by him taken and delivered to the marshal of the United States for the state or district from which he is ascertained to have fled, who shall produce him before one of the judges of the circuit court of the United States for the last mentioned state or district. It shall be the duty of said judge, if the fugitive persist in his averment, forthwith, or at the next term of the circuit court, to cause a jury to be empannelled and sworn to try the issue whether such fugitive owes labor or service as claimed, and a true verdict be given according to the evidence.

On such trial the fugitive shall be entitled to the aid of counsel and to process for procuring evidence at the cost of the United States, and upon such finding the judge shall render judgment. A certificate of all the facts to be filed by the marshal in the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the state or district in which the fugitive was seized, within sixty days from the date of the arrest; a fine of \$1,000 and imprisonment for six months to be the penalty for failure.

It is also further enacted that no citizen of any state shall be compelled to aid the marshal or owner of any fugitive in the capture or detention of such fugitive, unless when force is reasonably apprehended to prevent such capture, or detention too powerful to be resisted by the marshal or owner.

The amendment, as a whole, was looked upon so favorably by the republican representatives that a large number gave it their votes.

LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT.—We understand that it has been decided to give Rock county two senators and four assemblymen under the new apportionment. The proposition first submitted to the committee by the representatives from this county, and which had the concurrence of the whole delegation, we learn was one senator and seven assemblymen; but this was rejected by the committee, and two senators assigned the county, which, of course reduced the representation in the assembly. We should, for obvious reasons, have preferred the larger number in the assembly.

WHAT THEY WILL BE SATISFIED WITH.—The Albany Argus and Atlas is one of the northern compromisers, and thus indicates the terms which it will be satisfied to yield to the south:

"Whenever the southern states arrange their government and constitution exactly to suit themselves, it will doubtless suit every democrat and liberal man of the north. We care not in what manner they shield their rights to property in negroes—care not what may be their views of the African race, or what they engrave on their present constitution to protect themselves in full and undisturbed possession of this class of property. When this is completed, and the south is satisfied with it, then we shall advocate this and other northern states joining the Southern Confederacy."

Remembering that the editor of the Atlas, who is now the editor of the Atlas and Argus, was one of the "corner stone" men of the Buffalo platform, and in 1848, when the issue between "free speech, free labor and free men," and the demands of slavery, was a dead-bite in comparison with the issue now between the government and secession, and treason, was a zealous free-soiler, his present position entitles him to a cabinet appointment in Jeff Davis' administration.

Let us see how well he will succeed in dragging the democracy down to the depth of infamy he has himself reached?

STAR OF THE WEST.—The New York Evening Post says that the steamship Star of the West, which has become famous on account of her unsuccessful voyage to Charleston harbor to reinforce Fort Sumter, is lying at her wharf at the foot of Warren street. She has, in fact, been idle since that expedition, and has been visited by thousands of people, who were curious to see the scar on her side inflicted by the Morris Island battery.

The mark of the ball which the rebels fired at her is plainly visible from the wharf. It is about eighteen inches above the copper, directly under the wheel-house, at which it was evidently aimed.

In 1836 Henry Ward Beecher was editing the Cincinnati Central Christian World at \$500 a year.

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

CONDENSED FROM THE MILWAUKEE SENTINEL.

MADISON, March 9.

The senate, this morning, found itself without a quorum, and adjourned till Monday. Soon after, the senators who had fled to the depot, returned with their carpet bag in hand, the care being of the trade west of here, and no chance to have till noon. The senate, however, could not conveniently convene again.

In the assembly, nothing of general importance was done. The routine of business was gone through with; a number of private and local matters were disposed of. Adjourned to Monday 3 P. M.

Correspondence of the Janesville Daily Gazette.

Quavers from the Capital—No. 3.

EDITORS GAZETTE.—I continue my notes, and will jot down a few of the incidents of the inauguration. You have already heard how the ceremonies passed off quietly and in perfect order, notwithstanding the crowd outnumbered by near two to one that of any previous occasion of the kind. Your readers have seen the inaugural. Its merits as a state paper have been discussed, its doctrines commented upon; and I have no doubt the unanimous verdict is one of approval of hearty commendation. I have heard but one question raised here—and that by men of southern proclivities—with regard to it, as foreshadowing the policy and rule of action for the new administration; and that is whether the President means what he says. All agree that it requires no metaphorical interpretations to find out what he says. General Nye—the man who will recollect cried at Chicago when Lincoln was nominated—declares that President Lincoln's inaugural, for *perfetta*, ranks second only to the "sermon on the mount!"

SEEING UNCLE ABE.

A greater desire than ever before has been manifested to "see the president." On Sunday morning an hour before church time, the street on Fourteenth street in front of the private entrance to Willard's Hotel, was literally jammed with an anxious multitude, waiting patiently to get a glimpse of the president as he came out to go to church, and when it was whispered that "Mr. Seward has just gone up to parlor No. 6" curiosities was literally "on tip-toe." But the president and his secretary had "other fish to fry." Uncle Abe did not go to church.

TEMPERANCE.

The bonfires complain bitterly of the habits of the crowd. They say that, although the numbers on the street are unprecedented, the rush up to the bar is "no account." Ergo—the whiskey end of the national republican central committee, has been tendered the position of commissioner of patents.

Illinoisans say Mr. Lincoln's intimate friend Col. Lamon, is certain to be marshal of this district.

Hon. Eli Thayer is urged to accept the governorship of New Mexico.

John D. Deerves of Indiana, will probably be superintendent of the public printing office in this city.

Secretary Welles contemplates disposing of the patronage of his department at an early day.

THE Michigan delegation have agreed to recommend the following appointments in that state: N. G. Justed of Livingston for Collector of Detroit, Hon. W. A. Howard Postmaster of Detroit, and D. C. Leach Marshal, Mr. Stoughton of St. Joseph for district attorney.

Gen. McCulloch and his followers are organizing for a descent upon the northern provinces of New Mexico, with the expectation of uniting them to Texas by conquest, and setting up an independent government detached from the southern confederacy. This scheme has been planned for some time.

An animated contest occurred yesterday in the district attorney's office for northern Ohio. Robt. Paine of Cleveland was finally accepted through the decided influence of Senator Wade. Mr. Balkard will be Collector, and Mr. Cole Postmaster of the place.

NEW YORK, March 10.

The report by the Prince Albert says that four is dull and quotations nominal. Wheat quiet, corn dull, provisions dull.

CINCINNATI, March 10.

The extensive lard oil and candle works of Thos. Emery & Sons, was entirely destroyed by fire this a.m. Loss \$150,000. Insured \$125,000.

NEW YORK, March 11.

The steamship Canada from Manchester, via Liverpool 20th, arrived this morning. News anticipated.

Advices from Montgomery announce that the constitution of the new confederacy has been ordered to be engrossed. It is extremely conservative.

Five millions of the loan have been taken at par, and no doubt the remainder will be taken at the same figure.

WASHINGTON, March 9.

Important intelligence has just been received at the war department from Charleston. A messenger left Fort Sumter in the afternoon of Tuesday last. He reports that salt provisions remain for only 15 days, and that only a limited amount of vegetables is left in the fortress. Supplies of all kinds are running low. Maj. Anderson, however, is still able to procure fresh meat and butter from the Charleston market.

Mr. Chase, secretary of the treasury, informed a senator to-day that the collectorship for New York had been decided. Hiram Barney is the lucky man.

The other New York appointments will be made early next week. Wakeman will be surveyor, Webb naval officer and Hoxie postmaster. The others have not been settled. It is believed that Gen. Nye will get the marshalship.

There is no truth whatever in the statement that preliminary steps have been taken for an interview between the commissioners of the southern confederacy and President Lincoln. The latter will hold no council with these gentlemen, nor will he receive them except as violators of the law of the land.

Mr. Crawford received a despatch from Mr. Roman, to-day, stating that he would reach here by Monday.

GALVESTON, Mar. 8.

On the 4th inst the convention declared Texas out of the Union, and Gov. Houston issued a proclamation to that effect.

Complete returns show a majority of 28,000 in a vote of 51,500.

An ordinance was passed authorizing the appointment of delegates to represent Texas in the provisional government at Montgomery.

Gov. Houston, it is said, will not resign, or take the oath of allegiance.

Gen. McCullough has sent a detachment to guard the upper fort.

ST. LOUIS, March 10.

Nothing new from San Juan or New Mexico was received yesterday by the military express.

In 1836 Henry Ward Beecher was editing the Cincinnati Central Christian World at \$500 a year.



REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.

BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE,

Office in Union Passenger Depot.

FORT KEARNY, March 9.

The pony express, with dates to the 23d ult, passed here at 6:30 this evening.

The Union celebration at San Francisco on the 22d absorbed all attention. The day was usually observed by abstaining from business. It is estimated that 20,000 people attended the Union meeting. Speeches were made by Edward Stanly, Eugene Cassier, Col. Crockett and others. Resolutions were unanimously adopted declaring the unalterable attachment of California to the Union; that there exists no power under the constitution for a state to secede; that California will cheerfully acquiesce in honorable plans for the adjustment of the existing difficulties, so as to secure the rights of all the states; and that California repudiates the project of a Pacific republic.

YAYETTEVILLE, Ark., Mar. 9.

On the reception of President Lincoln's inaugural, the secessionists, in consequence of some accessions to their ranks, called a meeting of the citizens of this county to instruct delegates to the convention. It proved, however, that the Union sentiment prevailed, and the meeting adjourned without action, amid much enthusiasm for the stars and stripes.

NEW ORLEANS, March 9.

The committee adopted an ordinance to prevent certain funds to the government of the confederate states, now in the hands of the state.

A private despatch from Montgomery says: "The revenue laws have been adjusted by a regulation of the treasury department, so as to avoid anything prejudicial to the steamboat interest."

NEW YORK, March 11.

The Herald's Washington correspondent says that political circles were reversely excited Sunday by the report that the evacuation of Forts Sumter and Pickens were determined upon in cabinet councils Saturday night.

It is now certain that the stock of provisions is almost exhausted. Several senators repeatedly declared that such policy was decided upon, while leading southern democrats call it a master stroke of policy.

The city appointments for New York are said to be decided upon. Hiram Barney is said to be Collector, Wadham Surveyor, Webb Naval officer, Hoxie Postmaster, and Marshal. Delsfeld Smith it is said stands a fair chance to be appointed District Attorney.

The Times correspondent says, I heard distinguished secessionists confess to-night that if Mr. Lincoln does withdraw the troops from Fort Sumter secession is dead, and every leader in the movement ruined.

Geo. F. Foggs, late secretary of the national republican central committee, has been tendered the position of commissioner of patents.

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ST. LOUIS, March 10.

The criminal court to-day discharged W. H. Russell, who was indicted in connection with the abstraction of Indian trust bonds.

This judicial course was in accordance with the law of 1857, which exempts witnesses before investigating committees from trial.

Mr. Russell having appeared as such before that of the house, on the subject of those bonds. Ex-Secretary Floyd, to-day, gave

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LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

A FLOUR ITEM.—We are informed by Mr. Patterson, agent, that there has been shipped to Chicago during the year 1860, over the Chicago and Northwestern road, 50,949 barrels of flour. This number will average about 150 barrels a day for 300 working days. Besides this shipment, a large amount has been forwarded over the Chicago and Galena and the Milwaukee roads.

The article is also manufactured and shipped at Shippensburg and Beloit in this country. We do not know the entire amount forwarded, but it must be very large, and would show a very large item in the production of the country, and the contribution to the freight of the roads carrying it.

POSTMASTER AT ORFORDVILLE.—A caucus of the republicans in the vicinity of the Orfordville post-office was held last Saturday evening, March 9th, to recommend a postmaster to the new administration. Out of 91 votes cast, A. A. Richardson received 88. Mr. Richardson has been a resident of Orfordville for the last three years, as a grain buyer, and is the present town clerk of Spring Valley.

A SINGULAR CASE.—The Manitowoc Tribune says: "A young girl—a daughter of Mr. Robinson—in the town of Franklin, has been ailing for nearly twelve months past, subject to the most horrible spasms, was treated by Dr. Easton of this village, and on the 4th ult. threw up five ugly looking reptiles, three of which are now in the doctor's possession. They range from four to six inches in length, and are as thick as a large walking stick. Their general appearance is that of huge red overgrown leeches; they were alive when first thrown up, but died soon afterwards. The girl is rapidly recovering her health and strength, and has doubtless taken a new lease of existence."

A UNION PREACHER IN LOUISIANA.—The New Orleans Picayune says that, on Sunday the 10th ult., Rev. Henry W. Hilliard, of Alabama, formerly a member of congress, preached at the Methodist Episcopal church in Washington, Louisiana, from Romans v. 15 and 16, expressing an ardent desire that our national government may soon be reconstructed.

A NEW UNION.—Miss Harriet Lane, the charming and stately niece of Ex-President Buchanan, and who has for the past four years presided with great credit over the White House, was married on the 4th inst., to James Carlisle, the most brilliant lawyer in Washington.

A NOVEL IDEA.—A correspondent from the west, writing to the Railway Review, says that on the Chicago and Milwaukee railroad a plan has been adopted which enables conductors to ascertain if the holders of "season passes" and "commutation tickets," who are riding on a train, are the persons to whom they issued. Photograph portraits about the size of a postage stamp, of the real owner, are pasted on the ticket, and the conductor can thus determine at a glance whether the holder is the person named on the ticket.

CAPITOL EXTENSION.—It was \$100,000, and not \$10,000, as has been stated, which the capitol extension appropiates to the work. The basement of the water table is to be completed by the first of October, 1861, and the whole building is to be completed by the first of December, 1862. The Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Attorney General and Bank Comptroller are the commissioners of the work. The work is to be let by contract, after suitable notice.

THE BANKS OF THE UNITED STATES FOR 1860.—The annual report on the condition of the banks throughout the country, prepared we believe, by Mr. William M. Gouge of the treasury department, was presented to the house of representatives on Friday, and ordered to be printed. The following is a synopsis of this important document:

Returns from 1,396 Banks & 178 Branches, Capital, \$396,426,599 Assets, 660,804,217 Stocks, 67,207,414 Real Estate, 24,646,823 Other Investments, 14,451,034 Due by other banks, 57,641,658 Notes of other banks, 21,437,001 Cash items, 22,057,905 Specie, 72,350,352 Circulation, 190,255,977 Deposits, 238,017,884 Due to other banks, 69,311,889 Other liabilities, 21,855,254

In this synopsis are embraced all the banks in the country, with the exception of the banks of Louisiana, four small banks in Delaware, one or two in Maryland, ten in Georgia, three in Alabama, and two in Tennessee.

From \$227,000,000 in 1848, the banking capital of the country has increased to \$410,000,000 in 1860, nearly doubling itself in ten years. The number of banks and branches has increased in the same periods from 879 to 1,500, and instead of \$48,000,000 of specie, which was the reserve in 1851, the banks now hold over \$85,000,000.

There is a great deal more truth than poetry, and more good sense than truth and poetry, in the annexed extract:

SENSITIVE PEOPLE.—There is no help for being sensitive, but it ought to teach a person tenderness towards others. It does not, however. A great many people who pride themselves upon their "frankness," and always "speak their mind," are the very last ones who will bear the same thing from anybody else. They never are untrue to their conviction—not they. They mean to be faithful and do their duty, and so they are always finding your faults in the most offensive manner. But go to one of these people, say to him, "Mr. Hetchell, I feel it my duty to tell you that your temper is not the sweetest; that your children behave bad at school, that they lie, peep, play truant, and are dirty in the bargain,"—and lo! you have disturbed a whole wasp's nest of evil passions, and probably your family and the Hetchells will be put in non-intercourse all the rest of your life. Speaking one's mind, with these people, means their privilege of sticking needles into every one's feelings they choose, whereas all the neighborhood must be averse as you are toward them.

Monthly Religious Magazine.

Surgeon sometimes comes out with a good thing. He said: "Brethren, if God had referred the ark to a committee on naval affairs, it's my opinion it wouldn't have been built yet."

JOB PRINTING!

Recent Large Additions

to our

JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT

Have made the Gazette Office one of the Best Jobbing Offices in the West, and without any superior in Wisconsin. With our

STEAM POWER AND FAST PRESSES!

we are enabled to execute any order for a

PROMPTNESS

unexcelled in this section of the state, and

IN STYLE AND NEATNESS

we challenge a comparison with any or all.

We have in our employment a foreman whose good taste and accuracy is not excelled anywhere, or equalled by few.

THE PERSONAL ATTENTION

of the proprietor is also given to every job done in the office, and if an error is committed by the office the job will be reprinted without charge.

We invite the attention of our friends to our

Work and our Facilities for Executing It,

in the fullest confidence that they will be

ENTIRELY SATISFIED

not only with the manner in which their orders are filled, but the prices charged.

Holt, Bowen & Wilcox.

COMMERCIAL.

Janesville Wholesale Market.

Reported for the Janesville Gazette,

BUMP & GRAY,

GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, MARCH 11, 1861.

There was no change to note in the grain market today from Saturday, except that receipts were considerably better. About 200 bushels of wheat changed hands at a range of 60¢/70¢ for fair shipping to cities in spring. Coarse grains quiet at present prices.

We continue Saturday's quotations:

WHEAT—good to choice milling spring 70¢/80¢ fair to good dry shipping 60¢/70¢; damp and broken 55¢; seed, choice 50¢.

CORN—shelled 20¢/22¢ per 50 lbs. ear 17¢/20¢ per 50 lbs.

OATS—quiet at 14¢/16¢ per bushel.

RYE—declined to 35¢/38¢ per 50 lbs.

BARLEY—good quality 30¢/35¢ per 50 lbs., common

DRESSED HOGS—In demand 5¢/6¢/5¢/6¢ per 100 for hams and 5¢/6¢/5¢/6¢ for lard.

TIMOTHY SEED—In demand at 20¢/22¢ per 40 lbs.

POTATOES—plenty at 15¢/18¢ for good cooking ones

BUTTER—plenty at 12¢/14¢ per fair to choice.

EGGS—green, 5¢/6¢; dry, 5¢/6¢.

POULTRY—dressed turkeys, 6¢/7¢; chickens, 5¢/6¢

SHEEP PELTS—range from 50¢/60¢ each.

WHEAT FLOUR—

COOKING OIL—

COAL—

WOOD—

IRON—

LEAD—

LEATHER—

IRON—

